PRESENTATION TO ASSP NIGERIA CHAPTER

ON

PROCESS FLOW SCHEME(PFS) & PROCESS ENGINEERING FLOW SCHEME (PEFS)

BY

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DISCLAIMER

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OUTLINE

- OBJECTIVE
- DEFINITIONS
- SYMBOLS
- INPUTS INTO PFS, PEFS
- KEY FEATURES
- PFS & PEFS TYPICALS
- OTHER KEY DRAWINGS
- APPLICATION OF PFS,PEFS
- CONCLUSION
- REFERENCES
- Q&A

OBJECTIVE

This knowledge sharing to help us understand how Process Flow Scheme (PFS), Process Engineering Flow Scheme (PEFS) are developed, it's application as part of the engineering solution both in Project execution phase and the operation phase of an Asset.

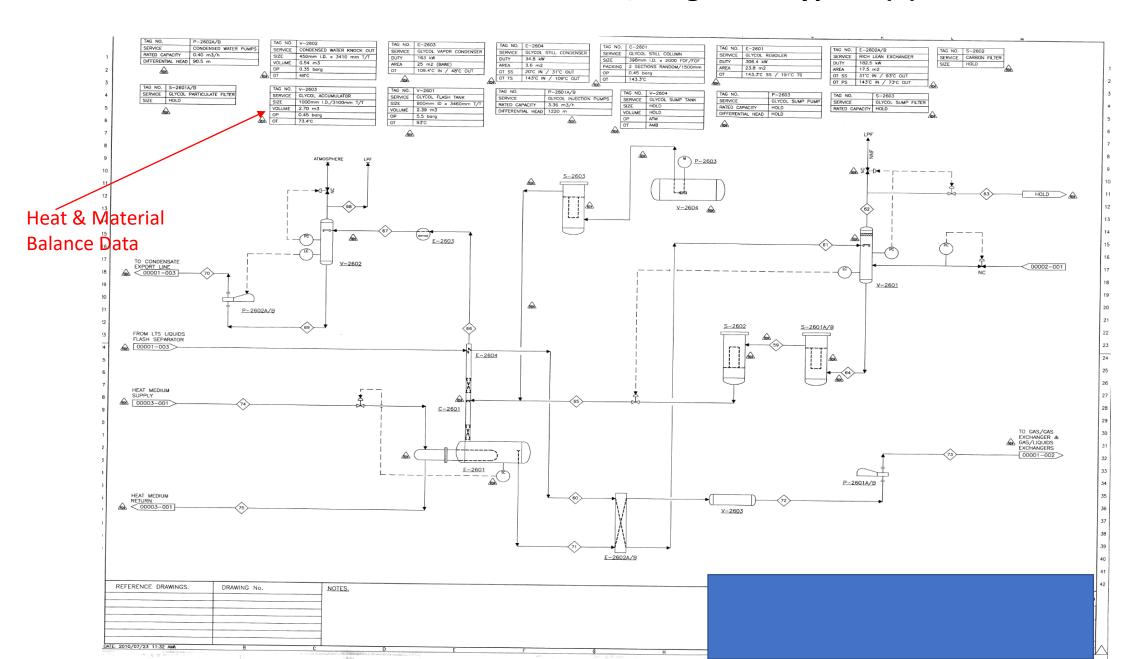
PFS- Process Flow Scheme (PFD- Process Flow Diagram)

This provides clear and **high level description of a process** from upstream to downstream of a process.

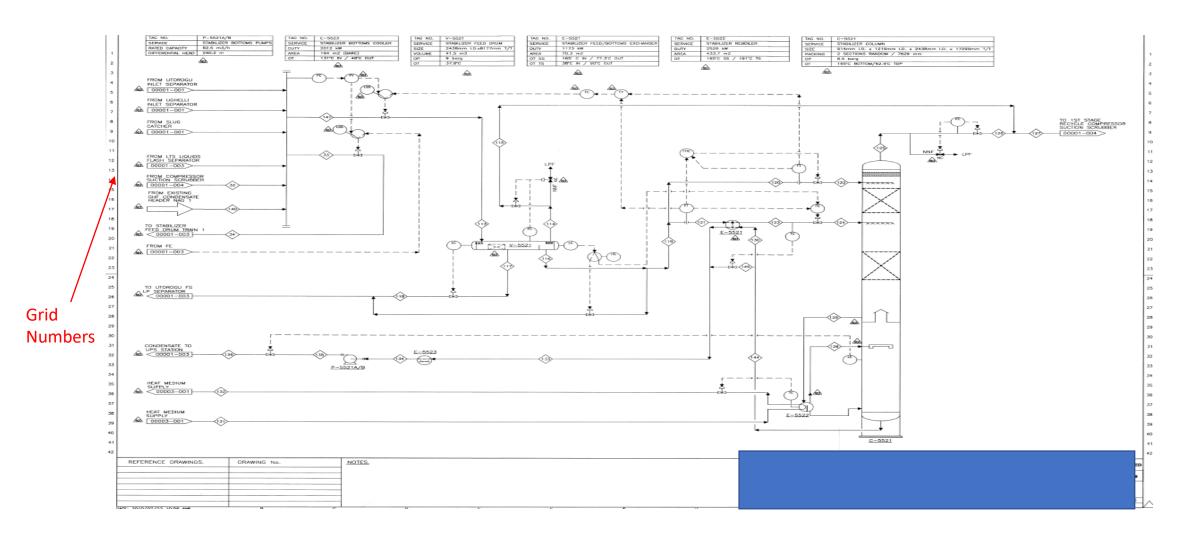
This should show:

- Major Equipment
- Material balance sheets for major process streams
- Different modes of operation will have different PFS drawings
- Equipment spares shall not be shown
- Equipment and lines indicating process, utility and disposal flows shall be shown on PFS; only key automated or manual valves will be shown

Process Flow Scheme/Diagram - Typical (1)



Process Flow Scheme/Diagram - Typical (2)



PEFS – Process Engineering Flow Scheme (or P&ID –Piping & Instrument Diagram)

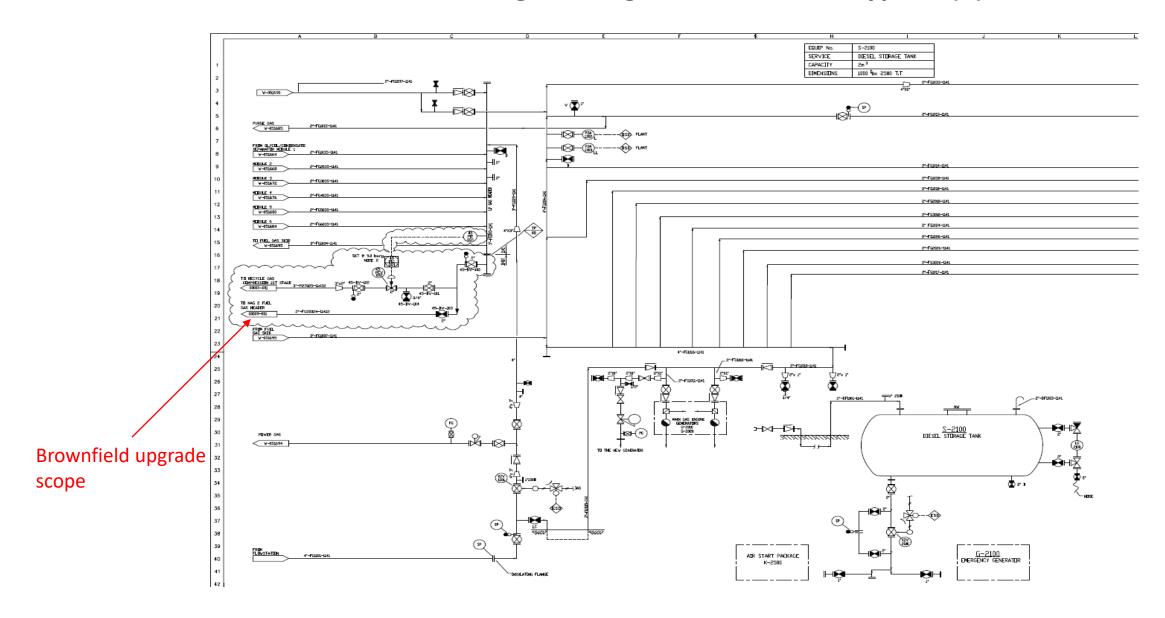
PEFS is a schematic representation of a process, it gives clear representation of the process with engineering details as different from the PFS.

The PEFS include:

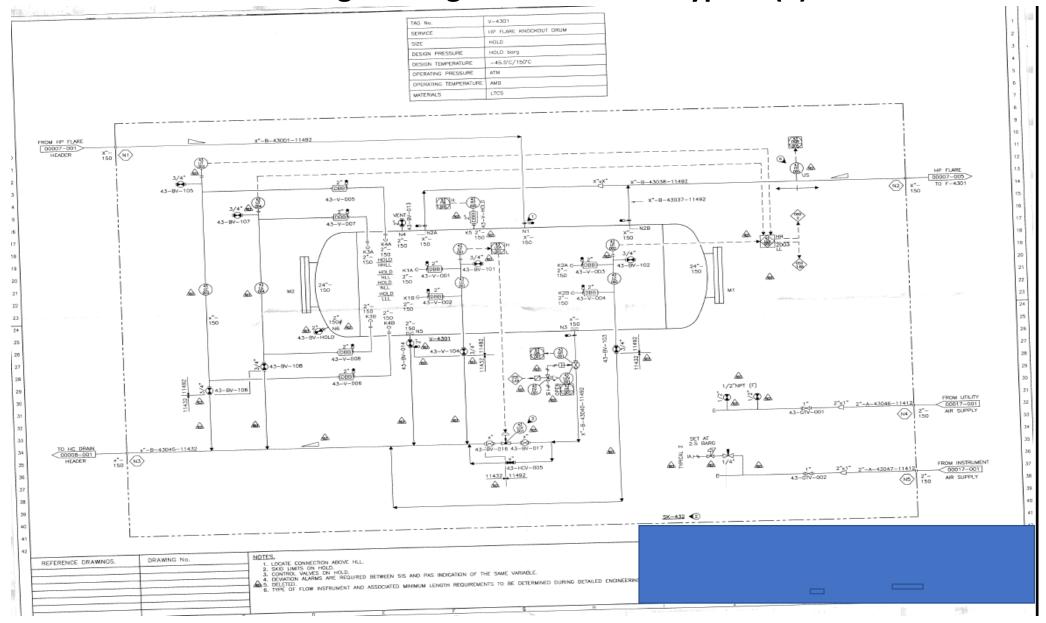
- All process and utilities equipment plus spares, Piping and ancillaries, instrumentations etc.
- Piping sizes, classes, ratings, tag numbers based on agreed tagging philosophy
- Major equipment details, dimensions, limits, range etc.
- Automated valves with their actions will be shown e.g. Fail-close (FC), Fail-open (FO)
- Manual valves status will be shown as per normal operation of facility; isolation valves with conditions e.g. Locked-close (LC) or Locked-open (LO) will be shown
- NOTES- these shall be added to explain specific process related requirements to aid construction and operations. Notes will be numbered at the bottom of PEFS
- LEGENDS PEFS will have a Legend sheet which will include Symbols for equipment, piping and ancillaries; include line identification and numbering conventions etc.

Process Engineering Flow Scheme – Typical (1) Line Numbers, **Notes** [®]Revision REFERENCE DRAWINGS.

Process Engineering Flow Scheme – Typical (2)



Process Engineering Flow Scheme – Typical (3)



INPUTS TO DEVELOP PFS & PEFS

SOME KEY INPUTS	DISCIPLINE (S)
Heat & Material Balance	Process
Process Control Scheme	PACO/Instrumentation
Process Control Narrative	Process + PACO
Process Safeguarding Memorandum	Process
Valving philosophy/Tagging	Mechanical
Instrument Tagging	PACO
Vendor Information	All Disciplines
Relief Valves sizing/settings	PACO/Mechanical
Operations Philosophy	Operations
Emergency Shutdown/Blowdown Philosophy + Shutdown Hierarchy	Process+ PACO

PEFS (P&ID) Symbols

- Symbols are base on ANSI/ISA (International Society of Automation) standards 5.1, ISO 14617 and ISO 10628, ISO 15519, ANSI Y32.11
- These symbols could comprise, Words, Letters and/or Numbers. These symbols represent all
 process plant components and equipment, e.g. Piping, Valves, Vessels, Pumps, Instrumentations
 etc.
- Symbols of components are NOT to scale and representation on PEFS does NOT actual geographical or physical location in the plant. The GA-General arrangement drawings, 3D models etc. are to be used for purpose of actual location.

HOW TO READ P&ID | PIPING AND INSTRUMENTATION DIAGRAM | PROCESS ENGINEERING | PIPI... (i)



Pipe

Thermally Insulated Pipe

Jacketed Pipe

Cooled or Heated Pipe

Flexible Pipe

Pipe Line No. 3-NL-121007-A11A-IH30

Where:

3 = Line size (mandatory)

NL = Fluid service (mandatory)

121007= 12 here signifies unit facility number while 1007 denotes the serial number (mandatory)

A11A = pipe service class (mandatory)

A-Denotes flange rating like 150#, 300#...

11-Denote the piping material

A-A suffix qualifying the piping material

IH = Hot Insulation (only when required)

30 = detonate the insulation thickness

Other types of insulation include

IC = Cold Insulation.

IS = Safety Insulation,

IA = Acoustic (or Sound) Insulation, etc.

PP = personnel protection

Tracing include:

ET = Electric Tracing,

ST = Steam Tracing,

CWT = Chill Water Tracing,

TT = Thermon (Hot Oil) Tracing, etc.









Final Control Elements - Valves



- · Generic Two-way
- Straight globe
- Gate



- · Generic Two-way
- · Straight globe
- Gate



Ball Valve



Screw-down



Generic 2-Way



Powered



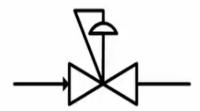




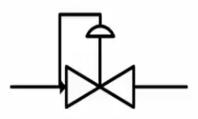




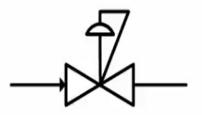
Final Control Elements - Valves



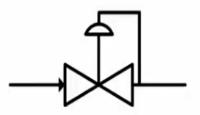
Backpressure regulator, Internal pressure tap



Backpressure regulator, External pressure tap



Pressure-reducing regulator, Internal pressure tap



Pressure-reducing regulator, External pressure tap



Generic pressure safety valve, Pressure relief valve







Fail to open position





Fail to closed position





Failed to last position





Fail to last position, Drift open





Fail to last position, Drift closed



Primary Flow Measurement - Flowmeters



Standard Pitot Tube



Turbine, Propeller



Vortex Shedding



MN

Magnetic 01 Magnetic 02



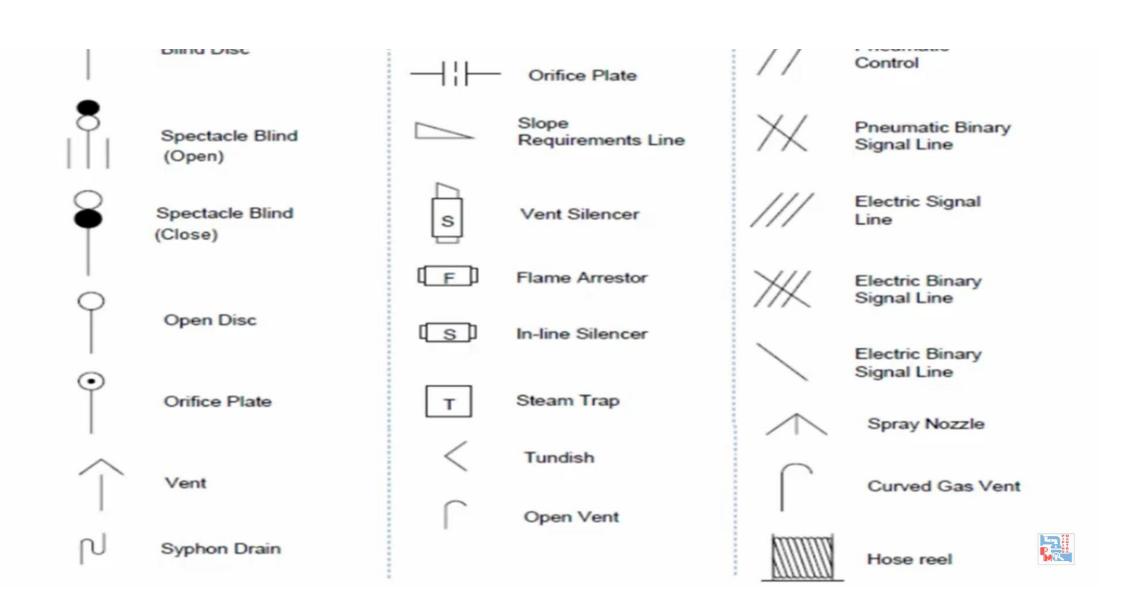
Positive Displacement



Variable Area







Instrumentation Devices or Function Symbols

Field Mounted



Discrete Instruments



Computer Systems And Software



Alternate
Choice
Or
Safety
Instrumented
System



Primary



Instrumentation Devices or Function Symbols

Normally Accessible to Operator



Discrete Instruments



Computer
Systems
And
Software



Alternate Choice Or Safety Instrumented System





Instrumentation Devices and Function Symbols

Normally inaccessible to the operator or behind-the-panel devices or functions



Discrete Instruments



Systems
And
Software



Alternate
Choice
Or
Safety
Instrumented
System





Instrumentation Devices and Function Symbols

Auxiliary location normally accessible to the operator



Discrete Instruments



Computer
Systems
And
Software



Alternate
Choice
Or
Safety
Instrumented
System





Instrumentation Devices and Function Symbols

Normally inaccessible to the operator or behind-the-panel devices or functions



Discrete Instruments



Computer
Systems
And
Software



Alternate
Choice
Or
Safety
Instrumented
System





Instrument Line Symbols

Instrument Supply

Or Connection to Process

Undefined Signal

Pneumatic Signal

Electrical Signal

Hydraulic Signal

/ / /

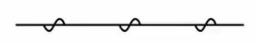
- - - - - OR -##-#



Instrument Line Symbols

Capillary Tube

Electromagnetic or Sonic Signal (Guided) ***



Electromagnetic or Sonic Signal (Not Guided) ***



Internal System Link (Software or Data Link)

*** Electromagnetic phenomena include heat, radio waves, nuclear radiation, and light.



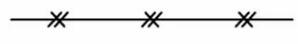
Instrument Line Symbols

Mechanical Link



Optional Binary (ON – OFF) Symbols

Pneumatic Binary Signal



R

Electric Binary Signal



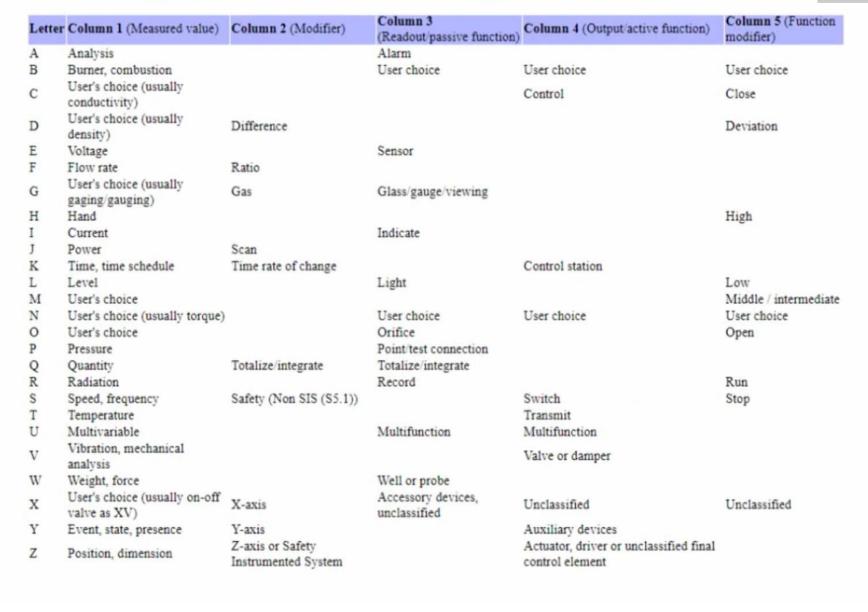






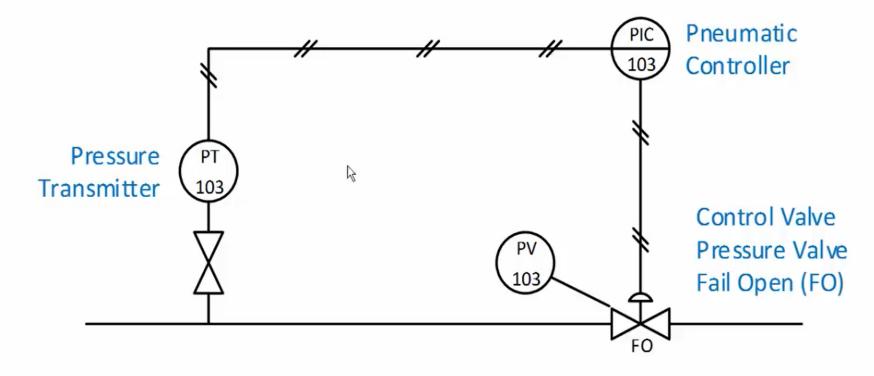








Pneumatic Control Loop

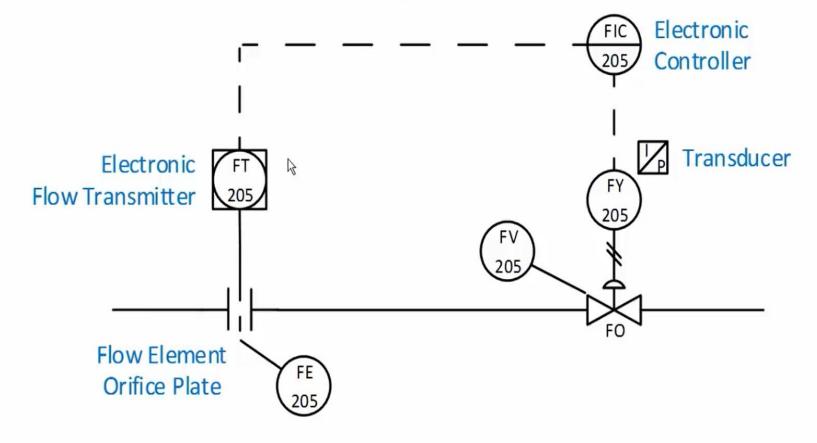


Control Loop 103 – Pressure Control Loop





Electronic Control Loop



Control Loop 205 – Electronic Flow Loop



FRONT-END ENGINEERING DESIGN	REVISIONS
Initial Design Drawings	R01
Inter-Discipline/Peer Reviews	R02
Inputs post-major reviews e.g. HAZOP, SIL studies, new Vendor information etc.	R03, R04
Approved for Design	A01
DETAILED ENGINEERING DESIGN	REVISIONS
Initial Design Drawings	D01
Inter-Discipline/Peer Reviews	D02
Inputs post-major reviews e.g. HAZOP, SIL studies, new Vendor information etc.	D03, D04 etc
Approved for Construction	C01
EXECUTION	REVISIONS
Construction/field changes	C02, etc
Post-construction	C0x- Stamped (AS-BUILT)
OPERATION	REVISIONS
Upgrades (Management of Change)	AS-BUILT (Marked-up with MOC approval)

APPLICATION OF PEFS/P&ID (1)

Project Capital Cost- pre Contract Award

Develop Contract specification – pre Contract Award

Develop Plot Plan

Development of Plan Layout

Identify Hazardous Area Classification (HAC)

Development of data sheets for equipment, valves and instrument

Development of piping layout

Development of bulk material take-off

Engineering and Operations staff training

APPLICATIONS OF PEFS/P&ID (2)

Process Safety Reviews

Hazard & Operability Study (HAZOP)

Safety Instrumented Function Assessment Study

Process Hazard Assessment

Layer of Protection Analysis Study (LOPA)

Risks Assessments

Process Safety Incidence Investigation

DCS HMI Graphics Development

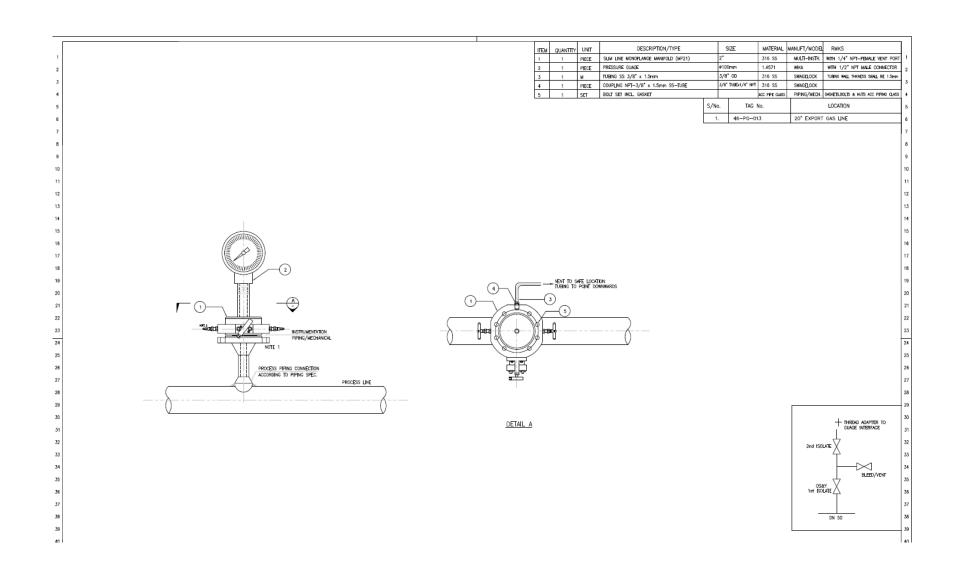
Design Reviews

Commissioning and Start-ups

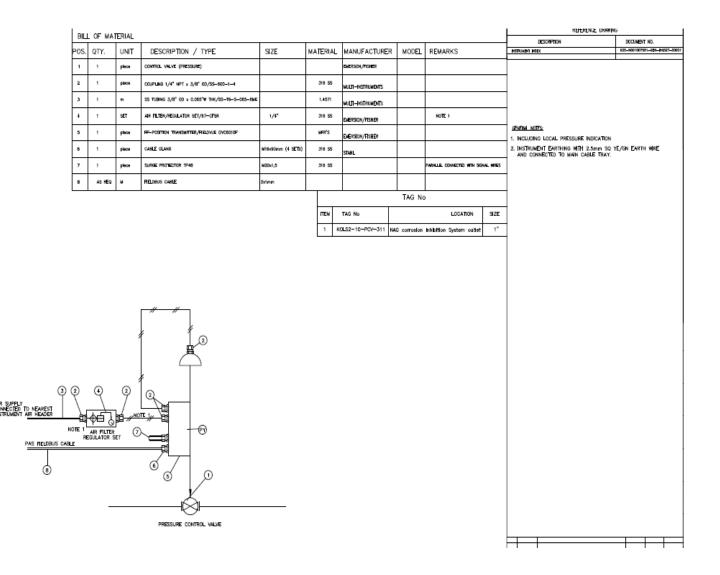
Asset Operations and Maintenance



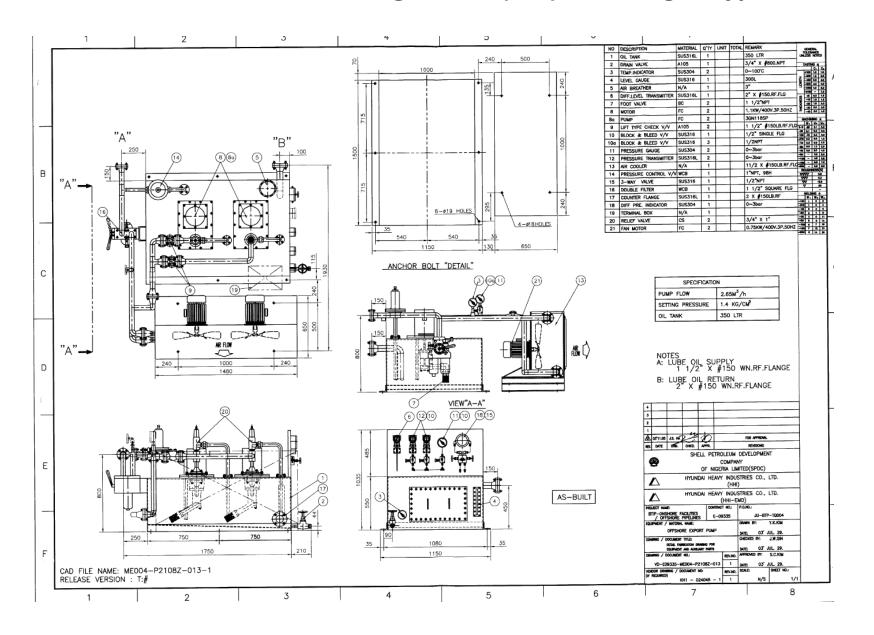
Instrument Hook-up Drawing – Typical (1)



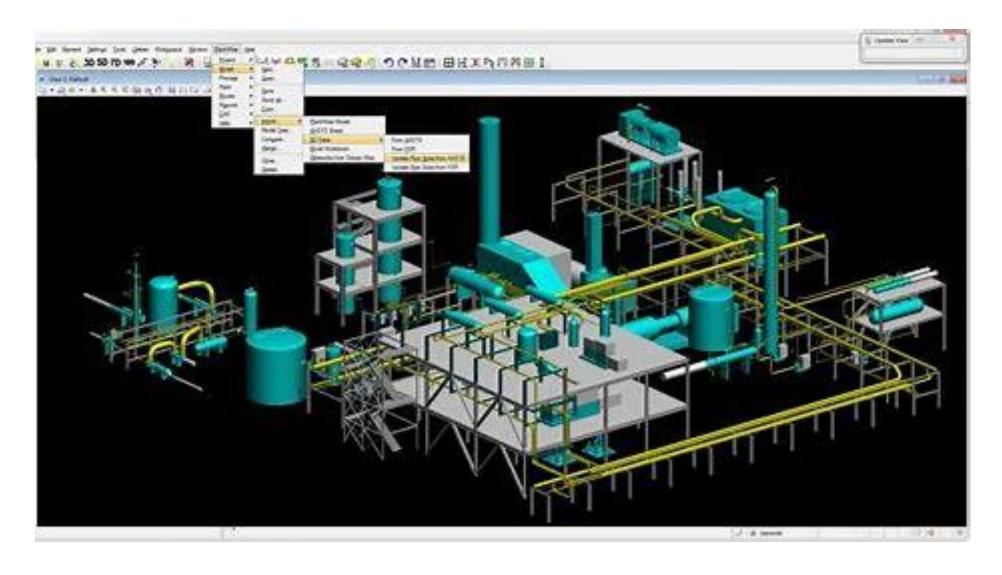
Instrument Hook-up Drawing – Typical (2)



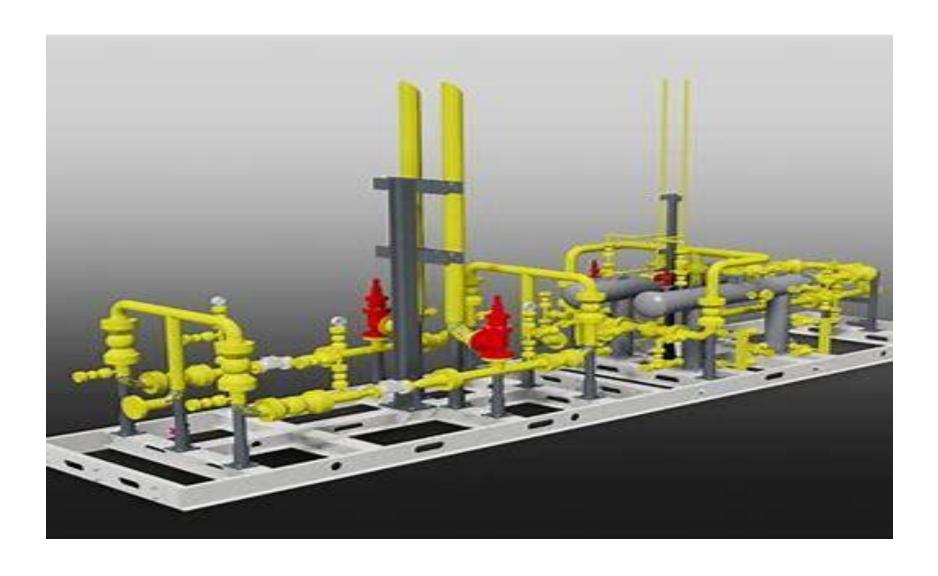
General Arrangement (GA) Drawing – Typical



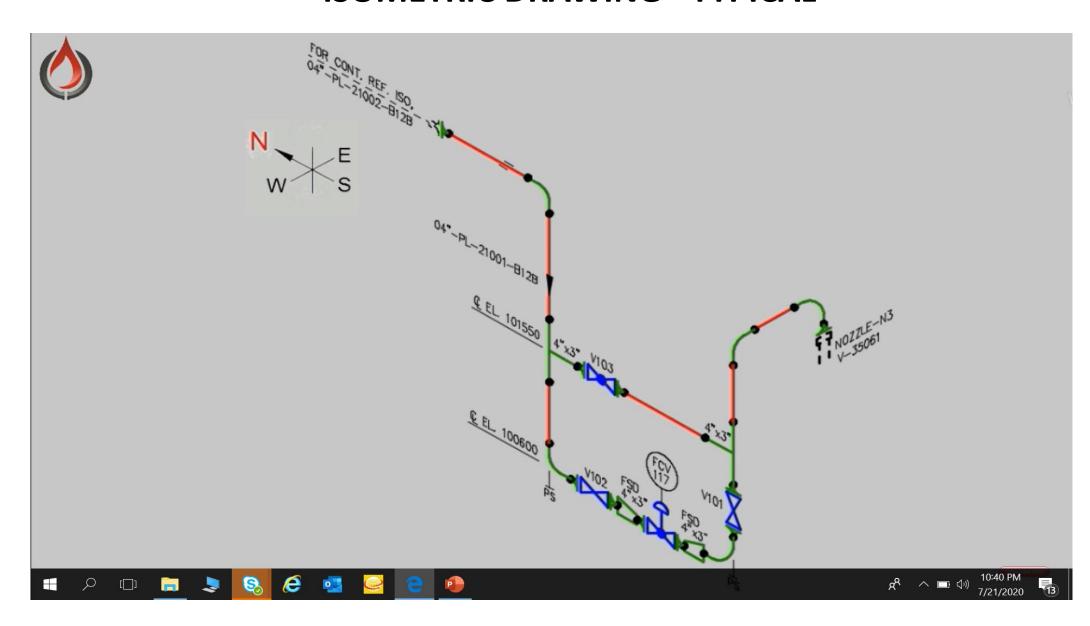
3D MODEL – Typical (1)



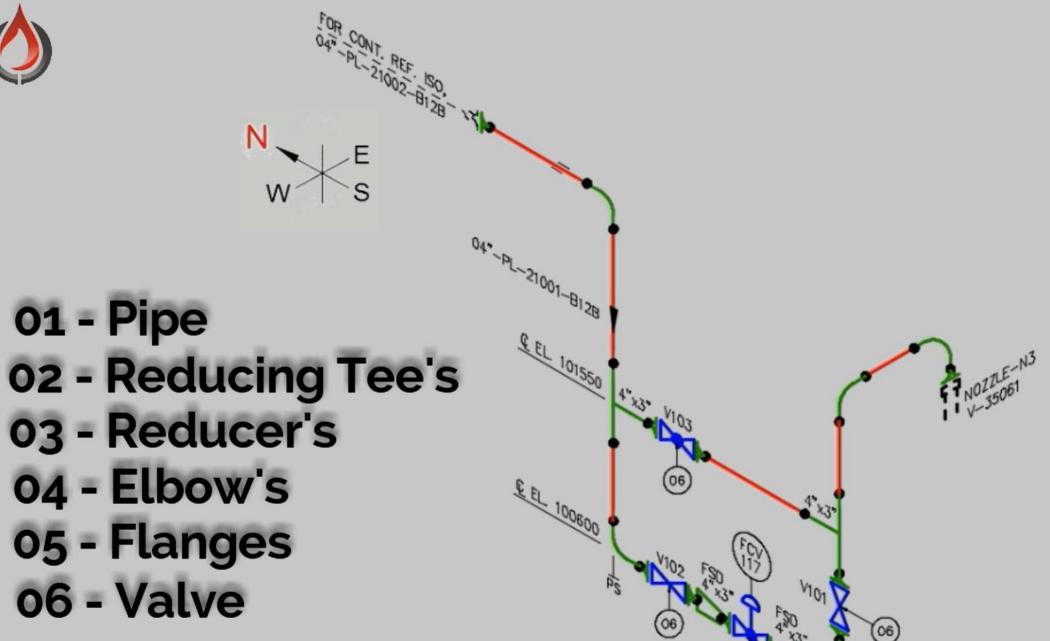
3D MODEL – Typical (2)



ISOMETRIC DRAWING - TYPICAL



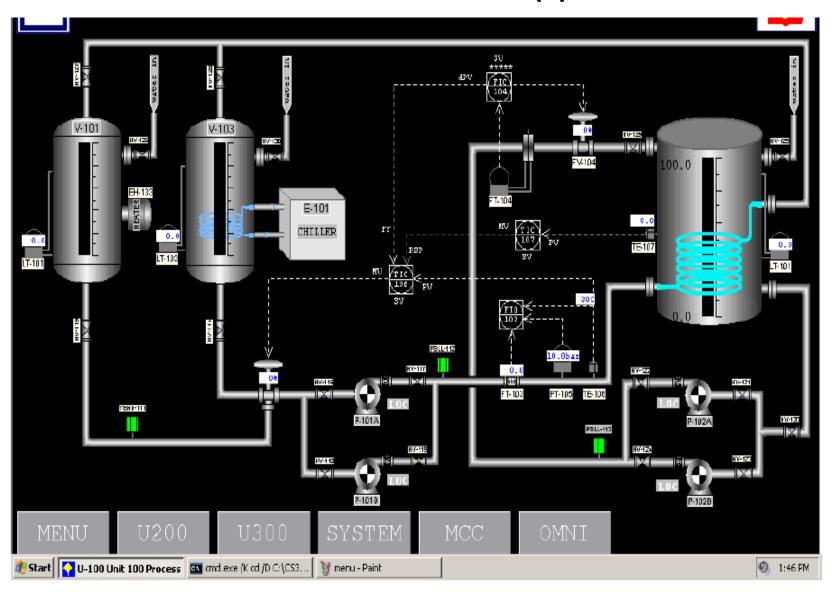




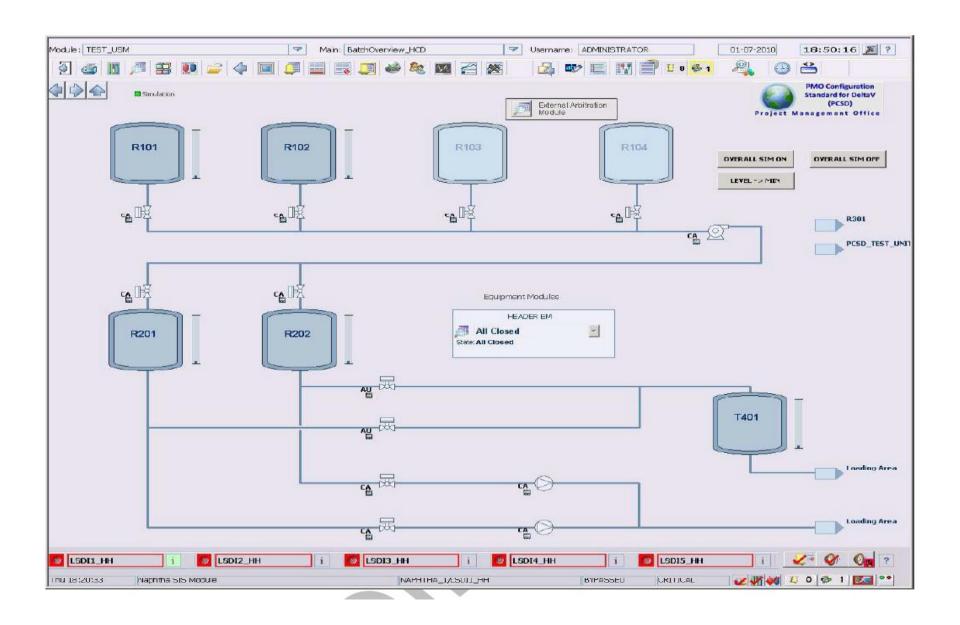
[Music]

01 - Pipe

TYPICAL DCS HMI GRAPHICS (1)



TYPICAL DCS HMI GRAPHICS (2)



CONCLUSION

PFS and PEFS are foundational drawings in engineering, presenting the entire process graphically and feeding into other drawings as well as providing inputs into even pre-Contract documentations etc.

REFERENCES

- 1. Piping Mantra
- 2. ANSI/ISA 5.1 2009 Standard internet class
- 3. Piping Official

THANK YOU!

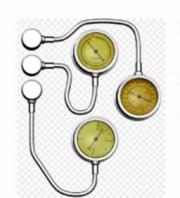
QUESTION & ANWSER

Tag Numbers

Property being measured

P = Pressure

I = indicator,
C = controller,
S = switch,
E = element
T = transmit,
G = gauge
V = valve



FCV

045



D = differential, F = ratio

3rd Letter -- passive/readout function A = alarm, R = record, I = indicator, G = gauge

4th Letter -- active/output function

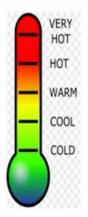
C = controller,T = transmit,S = switch, V = valve

5th Letter -- the function modifier

H = high, L = low, O = open, C = closed









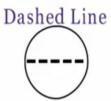




Device and/or its display are physically located in the field and if it has a display it is only readable locally.



Display is located on a main control panel or video display and is normally accessible to the operator.



Display is NOT normally accessible to the operator





Display is located on a secondary or local control panel that is normally accessible to the operator.



Display is located on a secondary or local control panel is NOT normally accessible to the operator.



A shared device either displays information from multiple instruments, controls multiple instruments, or both. Inside the square will be either a circle or a diamond.



It is the primary choice or Basic Process Control System.



it is the alternate choice or Safety Instrumented System.



It shows computer systems.





